| Grade 4 <br> Math | 1.0 <br> (Needs additional support) | 2.0 (has foundational knowledge) | 3.0 <br> (meets learning goal or expectation) | 4.0 <br> (goes above and beyond what was taught) |
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| Operations \& Algebraic Thinking 3 Standards |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Adds and subtracts whole numbers with four digits; multiplies whole numbers with three digits; divides whole numbers with one by three digits; provides the correct number sentence as a result of a single and multi-step word problem; knows multiplication and division facts through $12 \times 12$ | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Adds and subtracts whole numbers up to two digits ; knows multiplication and division facts through 10×10; identifies which operation a word problem expects | Adds and subtracts whole numbers with four digits; multiplies whole numbers with three digits; divides whole numbers with one by three digits; provides the correct number sentence as a result of a single and multi-step word problem; knows multiplication and division facts through $12 \times 12$ | Adds and subtracts whole numbers beyond four digits; multiplies whole numbers more than three digits (in multiple methods) ; divides whole numbers more than one by three digits; solves multistep word problems involving multiple operations |
| 2) Identifies factors of a given number up to 100; provides numerous examples of multiples of a given number up to 100 ; identifies whether a given number (up to 100 ) is prime or composite | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Identifies some factors of a given number up to 100; provides some examples of multiples of a given number up to 100; identifies whether some given numbers (up to 100) are prime or composite | Identifies factors of a given number up to 100; provides numerous examples of multiples of a given number up to 100; identifies whether a given number (up to 100) is prime or composite | Uses the knowledge of factors and multiples in a variety of areas of the curriculum (i.e. LCD for fractions, long division, etc.); Identifies whether a given number is divisible by another (rules of divisibility) |
| 3) Identifies the rule and completes the four types of "What's my Rule?" tables; identifies the rule and can complete a pattern of shapes or numbers | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Identifies the rule and completes some of the four types of "What's my Rule?" tables, but not all; identifies the rule and completes some patterns of shapes or numbers | Identifies the rule and completes the four types of "What's my Rule?" tables; identifies the rule and can complete a pattern of shapes or numbers | Identifies the rule(s) and completes a pattern involving 2 or more steps |


| Numbers/Operations in Base 10 5 Standards | $1.0$ <br> (Needs additional support) | 2.0 (has foundational knowledge) | 3.0 <br> (meets learning goal or expectation) | 4.0 <br> (goes above and beyond what was taught) |
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| 1) Identifies the value of a digit up to the millions place | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Demonstrates the concept of place value with base 10 blocks | Identifies the value of a digit up to the millions place | Demonstrates knowledge of the concept of the powers of 10 |
| 2) Fluently adds and subtracts four-digit whole numbers; multiplies a four-digit whole number by a single digit whole number and multiplies two (2) digit numbers; finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit dividends and one digit divisors. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Knows multiplication/division facts through $12 \times 12$; knows the place value of the numbers in a number sentence; divides 2 or 3 digit numbers by a one digit divisor | Fluently adds and subtracts fourdigit whole numbers; multiplies a four-digit whole number by a single digit whole number and multiplies two (2) digit numbers; finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit dividends and one digit divisors. | Adds, subtracts, multiplies and divides numbers greater than 4 digits |
| 3) Explains why (a/b) fraction is equivalent to a fraction ( $n \times a$ ) ( $n \times b$ ) by using visual fraction models, with attention to how the number and size of the parts differ even though the two fractions themselves are the same size; compares two fractions with different denominators; recognizes that comparisons are only valid when 2 fractions refer to the same whole; records the results of comparisons with symbols >, < or = and justifies the conclusion (ex: using a visual fraction model) | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Recognizes equivalent fractions; compares fractions with the same denominator; records <, > or = comparisons with fractions | Explains why ( $a / b$ ) fraction is equivalent to a fraction ( $n \times a$ ) ( $n \times b$ ) by using visual fraction models, with attention to how the number and size of the parts differ even though the two fractions themselves are the same size; compares two fractions with different denominators; recognizes that comparisons are only valid when 2 fractions refer to the same whole; records the results of comparisons with symbols >, < or = and justifies the conclusion (ex: using a visual fraction model) | Uses benchmark fractions and explains a strategy to compare fractions with unlike denominators without a picture or other visual |


| 4) Understands the addition and subtraction of fractions as joining and separating parts referring to the same whole; decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way; adds and subtracts mixed numbers with like denominators; solves word problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions referring to the same whole and having like denominators | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in one way; adds and subtracts fractions with the same denominator | Understands the addition and subtraction of fractions as joining and separating parts referring to the same whole; decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way; adds and subtracts mixed numbers with like denominators; solves word problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions referring to the same whole and having like denominators | Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions referring to the same whole number and having unlike denominators |
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| 5) Expresses a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100 , and uses this technique to add (2) fractions with respective denominator 10 and 100; uses decimal notations for fractions with denominators 10 or 100 ; compares two decimals to hundredths by reasoning about their size and then compares and orders fractions with like and unlike denominators of $2,3,4,5$, $6,8,10$, and 12 ; recognizes the comparisons are valid only when 2 decimals refer to the same whole and records the results with the symbols <, > or = and justifies conclusions by using a visual model. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Expresses a fraction with the denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100; uses decimal notations for fractions with denominators 10 or 100; compares two decimals to the hundredths; compares and orders fractions with like denominators or numerators | Expresses a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100 , and uses this technique to add (2) fractions with respective denominator 10 and 100; uses decimal notations for fractions with denominators 10 or 100; compares two decimals to hundredths by reasoning about their size and then compares and orders fractions with like and unlike denominators of $2,3,4,5$, $6,8,10$, and 12 ; recognizes the comparisons are valid only when 2 decimals refer to the same whole and records the results with the symbols <, > or = and justifies conclusions by using a visual model. | Adds/subtracts/multiplies fractions with unlike denominators; uses decimal notations for fractions with a denominator of 1,000; compares two decimals to the thousandths by reasoning about their size and then recognizes the comparisons are only valid when 2 decimals refer to the same whole and records the results with the symbols $<,>$ and $=$. |


| Measurement and Data 5 Standards | 1.0 <br> (Needs additional support) | 2.0 (has foundational knowledge) | 3.0 <br> (meets learning goal or expectation) | 4.0 <br> (goes above and beyond what was taught) |
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| 1) Knows relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including $\mathrm{km}, \mathrm{m}$, cm; kg, g; lb, oz; l, ml,; hr, min, sec. ( $1 \mathrm{~km}=1,000 \mathrm{~m} ; 1 \mathrm{~m}=100$ $\mathrm{cm} ; 1 \mathrm{~kg}=1,000 \mathrm{~g} ; 1 \mathrm{lb}=16 \mathrm{oz} ; 1 \mathrm{l}$ $=1,000 \mathrm{ml} ; 1 \mathrm{hr}=60 \mathrm{~min} ; 1 \mathrm{~min}=$ 60 seconds.); Within a single system of measure, expresses measure in a larger unit in terms of a small unit; example 1 ft is 12 times as long as $1 \mathrm{in}(1 \mathrm{ft}=12 \mathrm{in} ; 4$ $\mathrm{ft}=48 \mathrm{in}$ ). | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Demonstrates understanding that $1 \mathrm{~km}=1,000 \mathrm{~m} ; 1 \mathrm{~m}=$ $100 \mathrm{~cm} ; 1 \mathrm{~kg}=1,000 \mathrm{~g} ; 1 \mathrm{lb}=$ $16 \mathrm{oz} ; 1 \mathrm{l}=1,000 \mathrm{ml} ; 1 \mathrm{hr}=$ $60 \mathrm{~min} ; 1 \mathrm{~min}=60$ seconds; Accurately measures to the nearest cm and inch. | Knows relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including km, $m$, $\mathrm{cm} ; \mathrm{kg}, \mathrm{g} ; \mathrm{lb}, \mathrm{oz} ; \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{ml}$; $\mathrm{hr}, \mathrm{min}$, sec. ( $1 \mathrm{~km}=1,000 \mathrm{~m} ; 1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$; 1 $\mathrm{kg}=1,000 \mathrm{~g} ; 1 \mathrm{lb}=16 \mathrm{oz} ; 1 \mathrm{I}=$ $1,000 \mathrm{ml} ; 1 \mathrm{hr}=60 \mathrm{~min} ; 1 \mathrm{~min}=60$ seconds.); Within a single system of measure, expresses measure in a larger unit in terms of a small unit; example 1 ft is 12 times as long as 1 in ( $1 \mathrm{ft}=12 \mathrm{in} ; 4 \mathrm{ft}=48$ in). | Accurately completes multi step conversions (i.e.: hours to minutes to seconds) |
| 2)Makes a line plot (dot plot) representation to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit ( $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 8$ ). Solves problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions by using information presented in line plots (dot plots). | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Identifies the fundamentals of a line plot (i.e. Xs represent data points) but unable to accurately label all components (i.e. numbers, title, labels) | Makes a line plot (dot plot) representation to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit ( $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 8$ ). Solves problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions by using information presented in line plots (dot plots). | Derives data based on a problem and accurately creates a line plot that represents that data. |
| 3) Solves addition and subtraction problems to find unknown angles on a diagram in real world and mathematical problems | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Demonstrates understanding of adding/subtracting to find an unknown angle but answers are inconsistent | Solves addition and subtraction problems to find unknown angles on a diagram in real world and mathematical problems | Independently interprets and solves additive angle problems (that include unknown angles) |


| 4) Accurately measures angles in whole number degrees using a protractor; draws angles of specified measure. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Measures angles using a protractor within 5 degrees of correct angle measure. | Accurately measures angles in whole number degrees using a protractor; draws angles of specified measure. | Constructs an angle within 5 degrees without a protractor |
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| 5) Applies the area and perimeter formulas for rectangles in real world and mathematical problems. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Uses unit squares/boxes to count the area inside of a rectangle; uses unit side lengths to count the perimeter around a rectangle. | Applies the area and perimeter formulas for rectangles in real world and mathematical problems. | Draws and labels the perimeter of rectangles when given the rectangle's area. |
| Geometry <br> 2 Standards | 1.0 <br> (Needs additional support) | 2.0 (has foundational knowledge) | 3.0 <br> (meets learning goal or expectation) | 4.0 <br> (goes above and beyond what was taught) |
| 1) Names and draws points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse); names and draws perpendicular and parallel lines; identifies these in twodimensional figures. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Names points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), but may not be able to draw them consistently; identifies lines but may not consistently name or draw them; identifies perpendicular and parallel lines but may not consistently name or draw them; identifies these in twodimensional figures. | Names and draws points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse); names and draws perpendicular and parallel lines; identifies these in twodimensional figures. | Names and draws straight and reflex angles; constructs and creates various designs using lines, segments, and rays; identifies various lines, segments, and rays from collinear points (ex: line w/ multiple points) |


| 2) Classifies two-dimensional figures based on the presence or absence of parallel or perpendicular lines, or the presence or absence of angles of a specified size; when given a definition, creates the appropriate polygon; recognizes right triangles as a category, and identifies right triangles. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Provides properties of a given shape; identifies a right angle and a triangle. | Classifies two-dimensional figures based on the presence or absence of parallel or perpendicular lines, or the presence or absence of angles of a specified size; when given a definition, creates the appropriate polygon; recognizes right triangles as a category, and identifies right triangles. | Identifies and applies multiple attributes of polygons, and that a given polygon can have many different names. |
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| Problem Solving 2 Standards | 1.0 <br> (Needs additional support) | 2.0 (has foundational knowledge) | 3.0 (meets learning goal or expectation) | 4.0 <br> (goes above and beyond what was taught) |
| 1)Makes sense of single and multistep word problems using their mathematical knowledge and provides a reasonable method of solving them; mastered solving word problems independently. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Makes sense of single and multi-step word problems using their mathematical knowledge and provides a reasonable method of solving them most of the time. | Makes sense of single and multistep word problems using their mathematical knowledge and provides a reasonable method of solving them; mastered solving word problems independently. | Understands multi-step word problems and communicates precisely by engaging in discussion, written expression, and reasons while using appropriate mathematical terminology and models; masters solving advanced word problems using multiple methods independently. |
| 2) Gives sufficient written and/or spoken explanation, clearly communicates an understanding of how they solved the problem; explains how their answer is reasonable; reasons abstractly and then uses tools strategically to solve the problem. | Requires considerable teacher support and guidance to achieve skills | Gives a partial, or limited written and/or spoken explanation to clearly communicate an understanding of how they solved the problem; Has trouble explaining if their answer is reasonable. | 2) Gives sufficient written and/or spoken explanation, clearly communicates an understanding of how they solved the problem; explains how their answer is reasonable; reasons abstractly and then uses tools strategically to solve the problem. | Gives very detailed written and/or spoken explanation that includes a logical description of steps taken using both words and/or pictures and diagrams; explains how their answer is reasonable in an advanced word problem with multiple steps. |

